SIGGRAPH 2001 Fundamentals Seminar:

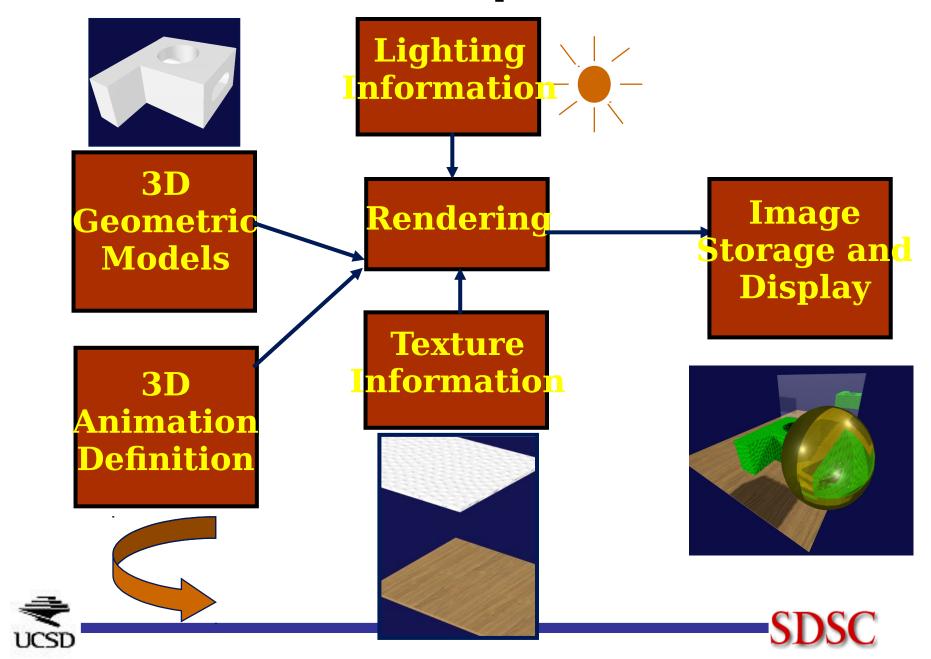
Computer Graphics Hardware

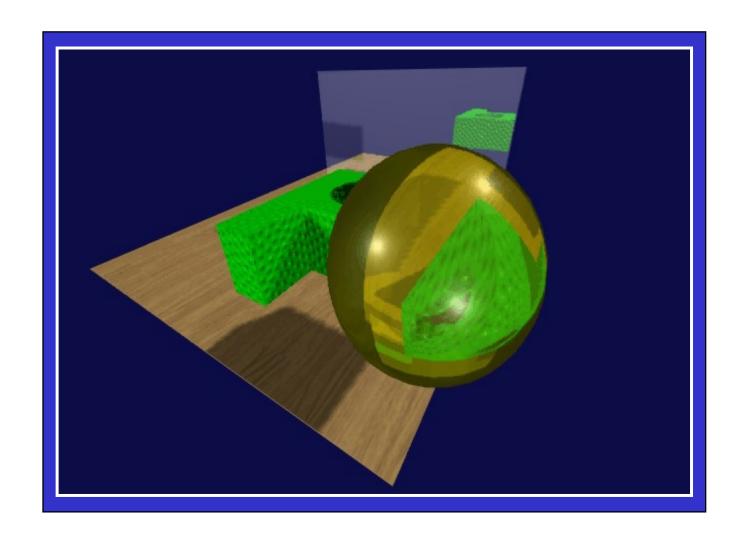
Mike Bailey
San Diego Supercomputer Center
University of California San Diego

mjb@sdsc.edu



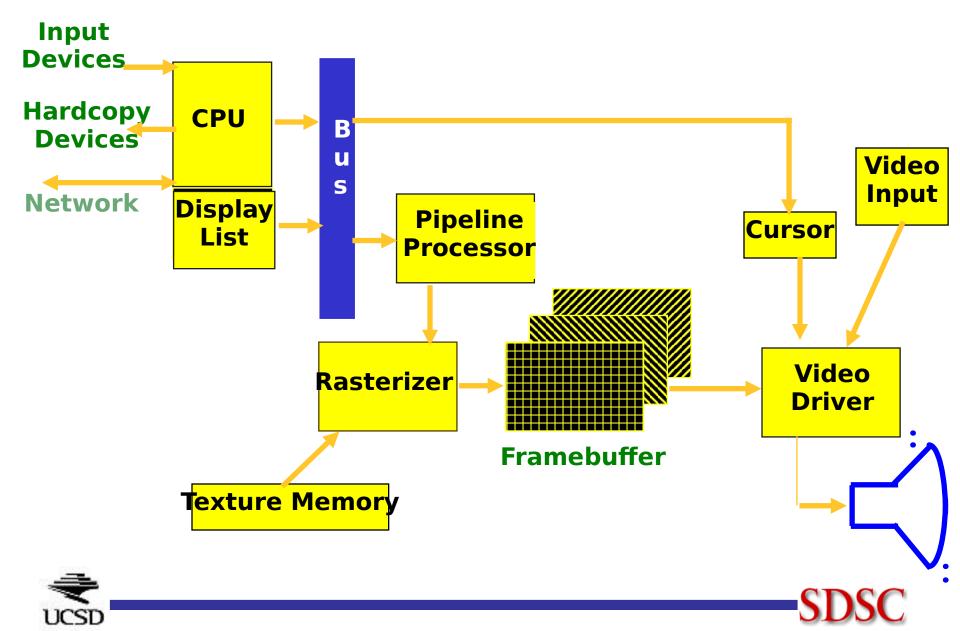
The Generic Graphics Process



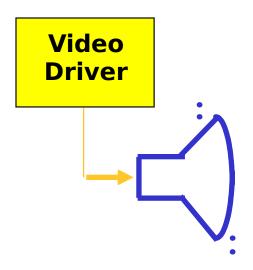




ne Generic Computer Graphics Syste



The Computer Graphics Monitor

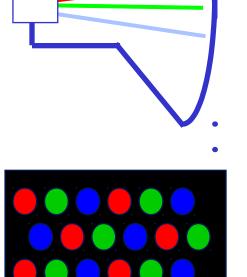




Displaying Color on a Computer Graphics Monitor

- 3 color guns
- Red-green-blue phosphors

•Gun voltage ≈ color brightness



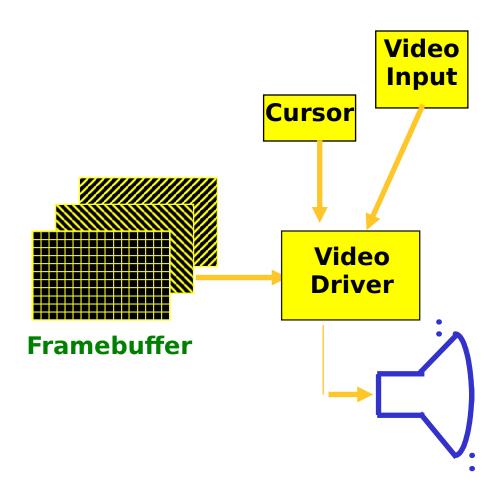


Display Resolution

- Pixel resolutions (640x480 1600x1024 are common)
- *Screen size (13", 16", 19", 21" are common)
- Human acuity: 1 arc-minute is achieved by viewing a 19" monitor with 1280x1024 resolution from a
 - distance of ~40 inches
- •FYI: HDTV is talking about resolutions in the 2048x1152 range



The Video Driver



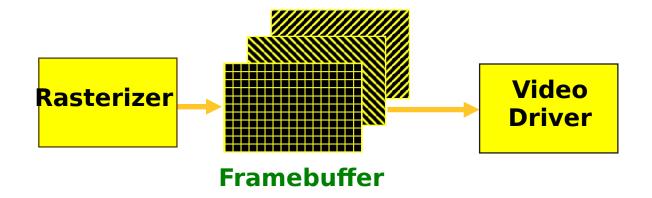


The Video Driver

- N refreshes/second (N is usually between 40 and 80)
- Framebuffer contains the R,G,B that defines the color at each pixel
- Cursor
 - Appearance is stored near the video driver in a "mini-framebuffer"
 - x,y is given by the CPU
- Video input



The Framebuffer





The Framebuffer



Bits/pixebtal colors:

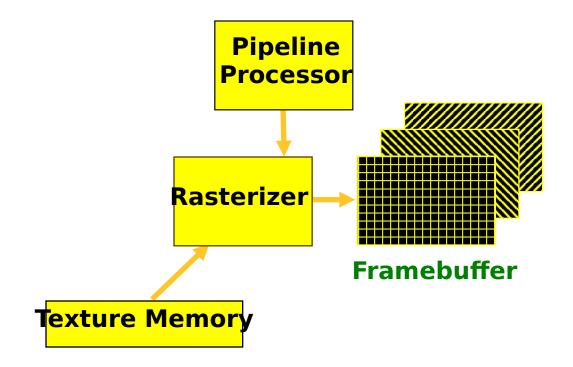
12 $2^{12} = 4K$ 18 $2^{18} = 256K$ 24 $2^{24} = 16.7M$

Bits/colo# Shades per col

$$\begin{array}{rrr}
4 & 2^4 &=& 16 \\
6 & 2^6 &=& 64 \\
8 & 2^8 &=& 256
\end{array}$$



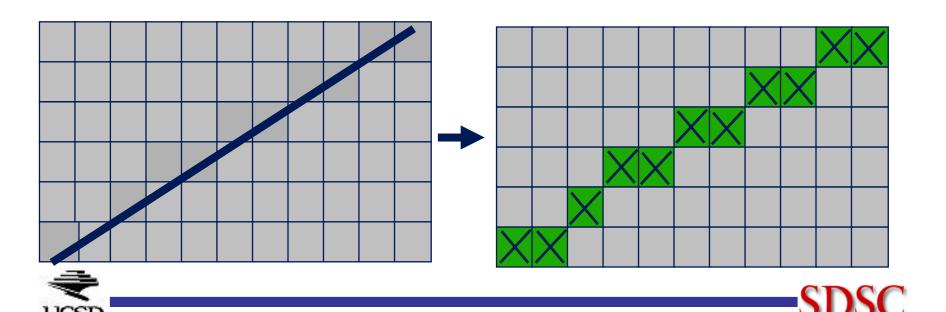
The Rasterizer





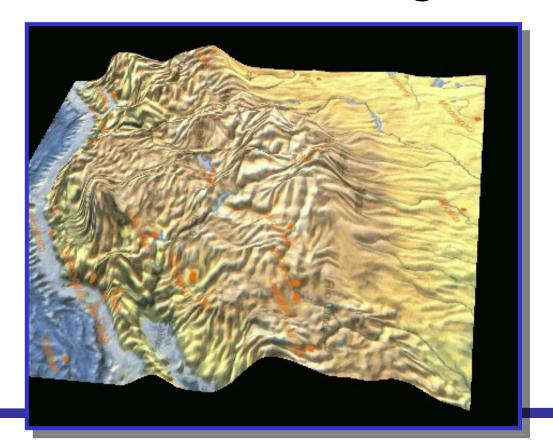
Rasterization

- Turn screen space vertex coordinates into pixels that make up lines and polygons
- A great place for custom electronics



Texture Mapping

- "Stretch" an image onto a piece of geometry
- Image can be generated by a program or scanned in
- Very useful for realistic scene generation



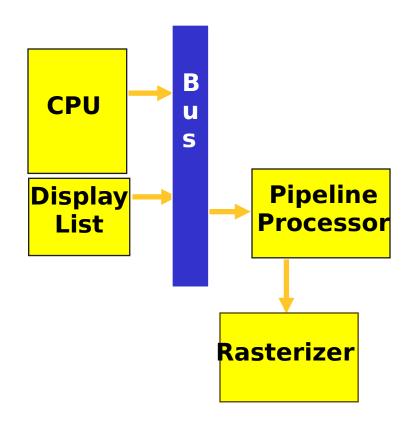


Pipeline Processor

- Coordinates enter in world (application) coordinate
 space
- Coordinates leave in screen (pixel) coordinate space
- Another great place for custom electronics



The Pipeline Processor





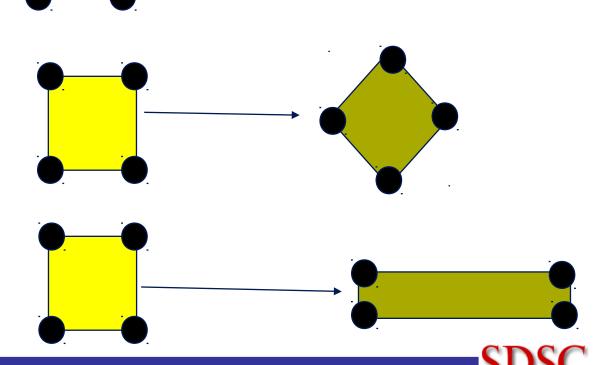
Pipeline Processor: Transformations

 Used to correctly place objects in the scene

Translation



Scaling



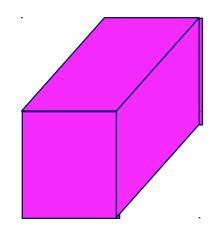


Pipeline Processor: Projection

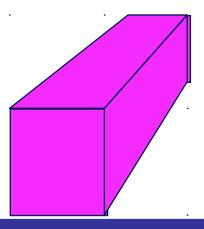
Turn 3D coordinates into 2D

Parallel projection

Parallel lines remain parallel

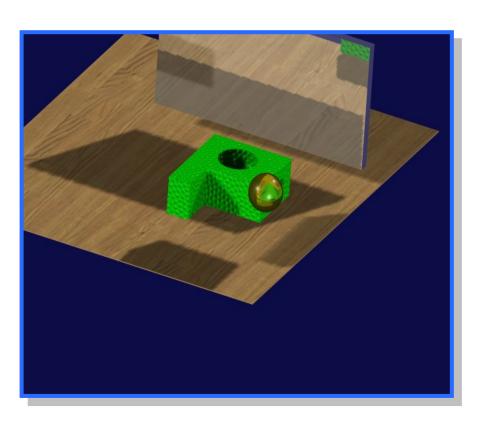


Perspective
projection
Some parallel
lines appear to
converge



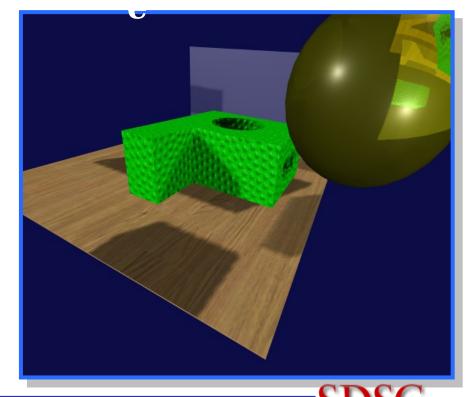


Pipeline Processor: Projection



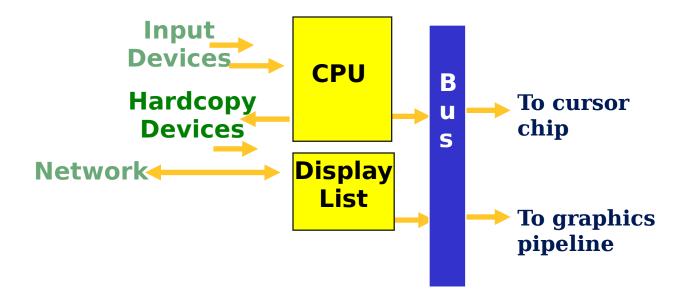
Parallel

Perspective





The CPU





Input Devices: General Categories

- Text input
- Choice input
- Value input
- Coordinate input
 - 2Dcoordinates
 - 3D coordinates





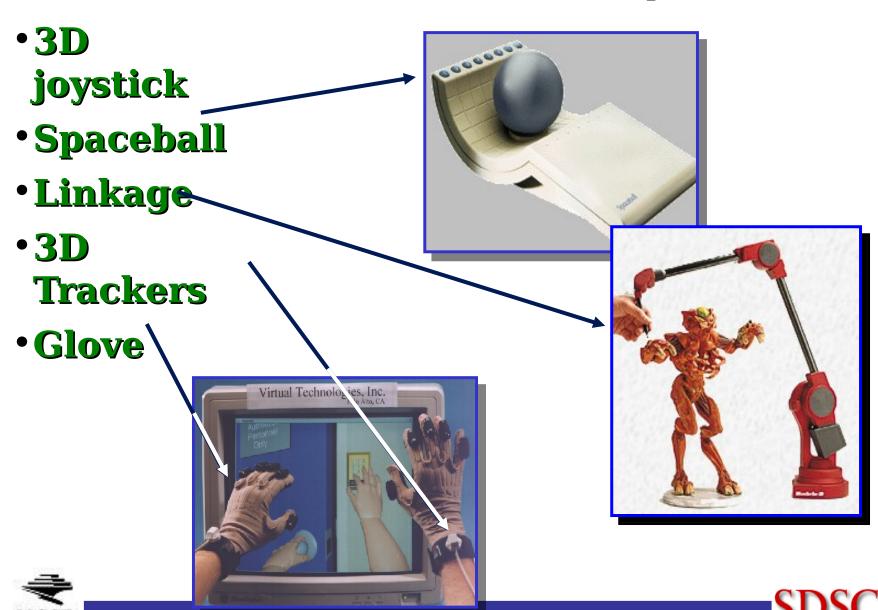


2D Coordinate Input

- Mouse
- Joystick
- Trackball
- Digitizing pen
- Touchpad
- Touchscree n



3D Coordinate Input



Graphics Hardcopy Devices

- Color paper plotters
- Film recorders
- Video
- Solid



Color Paper Plotting

• Uses subtractive colors

Cyan, magenta,

yellow,



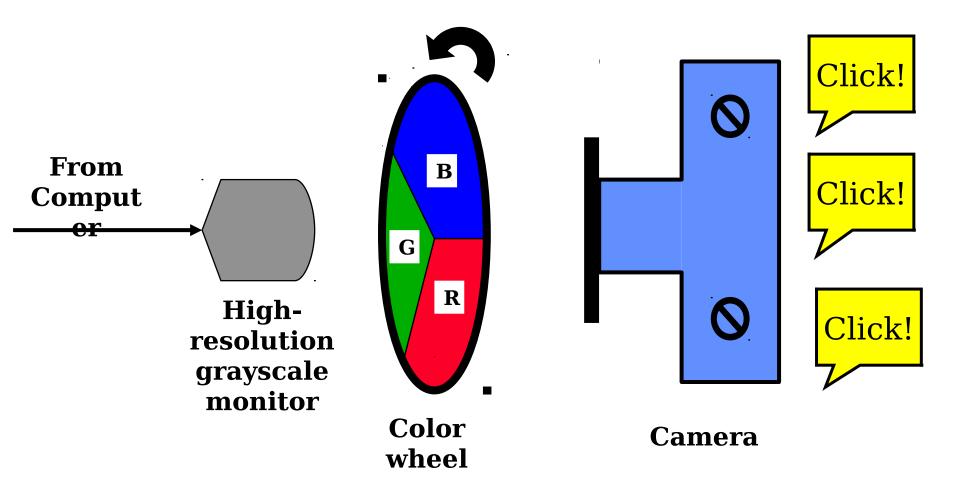
Toner

Sheets





Digital Film Recording





SDSC

The Limitations of using NTSC Video

- Cannot display saturated colors well
- Expect an effective resolution of (at best)
 640x480
- Do not use single-pixel thick lines
- Stay away from the edges of the screen
- Some colors have better video resolution than others



NTSC Cycles of Encoding per Scanline

What:	Cycles/Scanline:
Intensity	267
Orange-Blue	96
Purple-Green	35





Solid Hardcopy







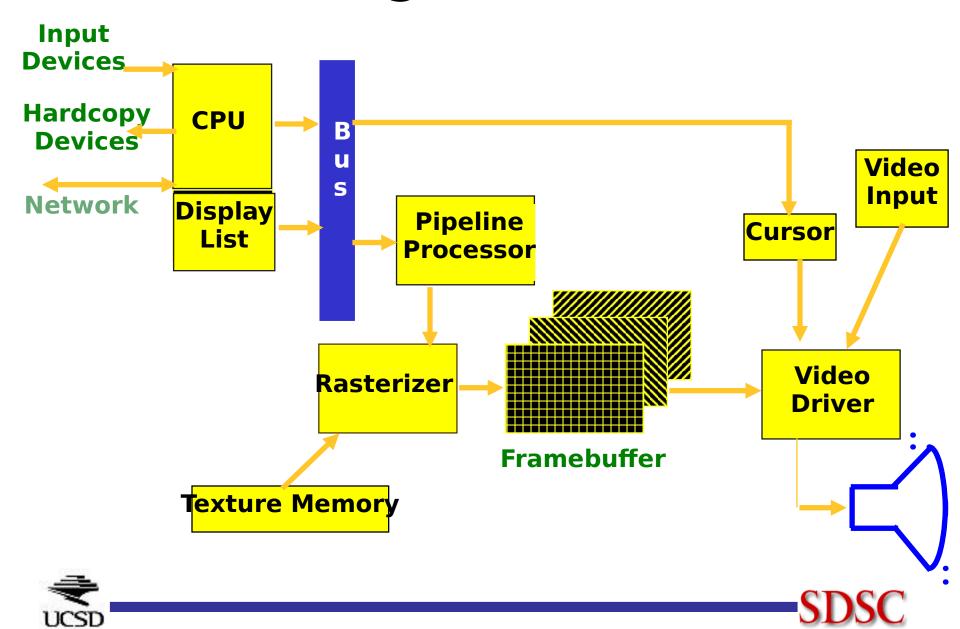






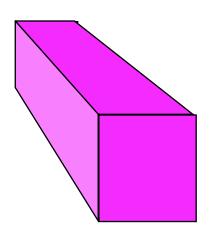


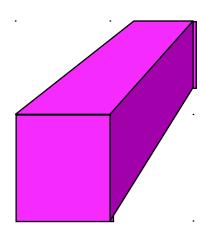
All Together, Now!



Stereographics

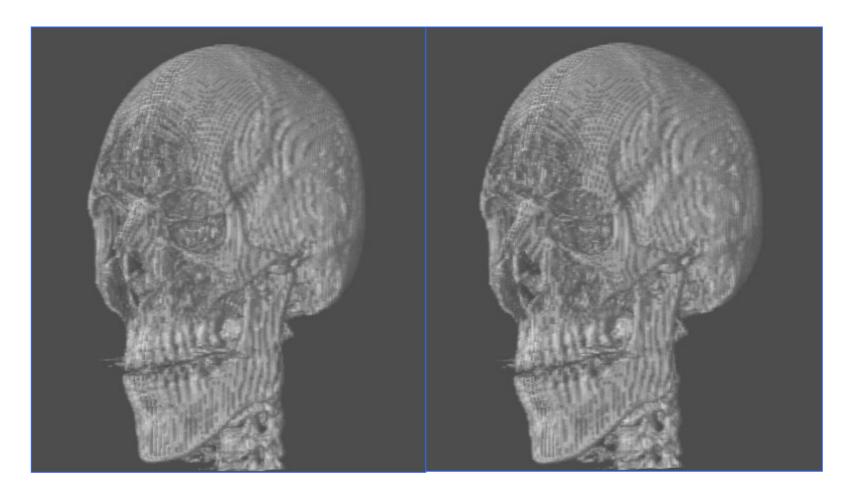
•Simultaneously display both left and right eye views







Stereographics



Left Eye View

Right Eye View





If You are Interested in Learning More:

Hardware will be discussed in more detail in the Introduction to Computer Graphics course on



If You are Interested in Learning More:

Physical model hardcopy will be discussed in more detail in the 3D Hardcopy: Converting Virtual Reality to Physical spsc

If You are Interested in Hardware, Remember:

The Exhibition closes at 5:00 on Thursday!!



Have fun this week, and Thanks for Coming!

Computer Graphics Hardware

Mike

mj Baile Vu

